

Information Management in Disaster Management

The importance of Civil Registration and Vital Statistics (CRVS)
to eradicate poverty in Asia and the Pacific

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WHAT RESPONSE MANAGERS NEED IN DISASTERS



Response Strategy

Response time line: 30 days, 60 days, 90 days

Recovery phase usually 18-21 months or up to 3 to 5 years

Geographic locations: priority areas, gaps area s

Population data: disaggregate by gender, age, economic, social

Sectors: Food, WASH, Health, Shelter, NFIs, Education, Protection, Early Recovery,

Funding strategy

Human resource plan

Capacity, risk & interest



World Vision®

- Information with timeliness,
 when the assessment team
 has not arrived or start
- Information to monitor the development of disaster, like tendency for drought and floods
- Information of broader picture: severity, distribution of impacts



 Information for resource planning and geographic prioritization, etc

How does CRVS support disaster management?

- Civil Registration can...
 - ✓ Be critically important for providing much needed legal documentation
 - ✓ Ensure access to rights, entitlements, benefits, social protections, essential services etc.
 - ✓ Provide information on what happens during natural disasters at the individual level
- Vital Statistics can...
 - ✓ Be used to estimate numbers of population by their age, sex and location
- CRVS can also...
 - ✓ Provide a picture on the community's socio-economic status, which in turn helps identifying responses and recovery methods

Example: CRVS in Philippines

- In the aftermaths of Typhoon Haiyan/Yolanda, civil registration in the Philippines delivered 83,790 civil registration records to survivors
- CRVS helped provide legal services to 8,000 individuals who needed legal documents to reconstruct their identities
- CRVS records were verified and delivered with the help of a UNHCR, government and CSO partnerships
- Remote areas were reached by the dispatch of mobile units consisting of community facilitators and lawyers.

Example

End Violence Against Children (EVAC)

If CRVS can identify children on the move, then it would really help with ensuring their protection in disaster settings.



CRVS priorities in the context of disaster management

- Enhanced community record maintenance and recovery
- CRVS systems are constructed and utilised for disaster preparedness

DATA AND INFORMATION FOR **PREPAREDNESS** AND RESPONSE

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Civil Registration and Vital Statistics (CRVS)

WHAT IS CRVS?

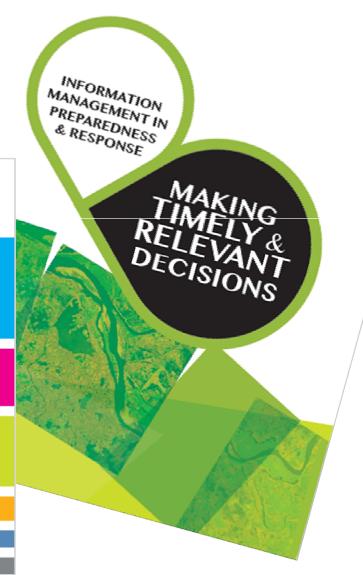
cycle of protracted crises respectively. The outer cycle of protracted cross respectively. The outler ring Civil registration is defined by the United ring CIVE registration is defined by the United Nations as the "universal, continuous, permanent and computery recording of vital events provided through decree or regulation in accordance with the logal requirements of each country." (UNSD), it is the regal requirements of each country: (UNSO). It is the act of recording and documenting of vital events in a person's life (including birth, marriage, divorce, adoption, and death) and is a fundamental function

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A series of Information management workshops



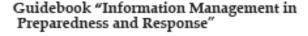
Accessible information

Aggregated statistics, map, and learning report are available at the organisation's webpage, specifically at: http://wvi.org/asiapacifc/emergencies and http://wvi.org/asiapacifc/disaster-risk-reduction-climate-change-adaptation. Together, they help share World Vision's experience and perspectives with disaster management practitioners.

Last Mile Mobile Solution

GORGA

It is essential to have a digital system that enables beneficiary registration, distribution planning and management, monitoring and reporting. It improves remote data collection and enables faster and fairer aid distributions.



Your essential guide on: sources of available data (for example maps, reports, satellite-derived information, CRVS), approaches and tools, applications of data analysis in decision making.



THANK YOU.

