

VITAL STATISTICS

TOTAL FERTILITY RATE

1.9

children were born by a woman aged 15–49 years



CRUDE BIRTH RATE

16.1

live birth per 1,000 population



The **decline** in **total fertility rate** is one of the **demographic factors** that will contribute to an **ageing population**

CRUDE DEATH RATE

5.2

death per 1,000 population



STILLBIRTH RATE

4.5

stillbirth per 1,000 births



UNDER-5 MORTALITY RATE

8.6

death per 1,000 live births



INFANT MORTALITY RATE

7.3

infant deaths aged less than 1 year per 1,000 live births



Explanatory Notes



Population

Total Dependency Ratio refers to the number of persons under age 15 plus persons aged 65 or older per 100 persons 15 to 64. It is the sum of the youth dependency ratio and the old-age dependency ratio.

Youth/Young Age Dependency Ratio refers to the number of persons 0 to 14 years per 100 persons 15 to 64 years.

Old-Age Dependency Ratio refers to the number of persons 65 years and over per 100 persons 15 to 64 years.

Life Expectancy refers to the average remaining age (years) for a person is expected to live at the beginning of the certain age.



Vital Statistics

Total Fertility Rate refers to the average number of children which would be born if women survived to the end of their reproductive period and throughout that period are subject to the schedule of age-specific fertility rates for the given year. [This rate is derived by adding up the age-specific fertility rates of women aged 15–49 years (by five-year age groups) and multiplying by 5].

Crude Birth Rate refers to the number of live births per 1,000 population.

Crude Death Rate refers to the number of deaths per 1,000 population.

Stillbirth Rate refers to the number of stillbirths per 1,000 births (live births & stillbirths).

Under-5 Mortality Rate refers to death of infants and toddlers aged below 5 years per 1,000 live births.

Infant Mortality Rate refers to death of infants aged less than 1 year per 1,000 live births.

The added total may differ due to rounding.